Mageia NetInstall

The tool to install Mageia using remote repositories

Ömageia

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This manual was produced with the help of the <u>Calenco CMS</u> [http:// www.calenco.com] developed by <u>NeoDoc</u> [http://www.neodoc.biz].

It was written by volunteers in their free time. Please contact the <u>Documentation Team</u> [https://wiki.mageia.org/en/Documentation_team], if you would like to help improve this manual.

Mageia NetInstall

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Installing Mageia using a Tiny Boot Image

1. Introduction

1.1. NetInstall Media

1.1.1. Description

These minimal ISO's contain:

- less than 120 MB and are convenient if bandwidth is too low to download a full DVD, or if you have a PC without a DVD drive or unable to boot from a USB stick.
- no more than that which is needed to (a) start the DrakX installer and (b) find DrakX-installer-stage2 and other packages that are needed to continue and complete the install.

The required source packages may be on a PC hard disk, a local drive, a local network or on the Internet.

1.1.2. Availability

There are two versions of the NetInstall media:

- netinstall.iso For those who prefer not to use non-free software, this ISO contains only free software.
- **netinstall-nonfree.iso** This ISO additionally includes proprietary device drivers, which may be required for your network device, disk controller, etc.

Both versions are available in the form of separate 32-bit and 64-bit ISO's. See here: <u>https://www.mageia.org/downloads/</u>

1.1.3. Preparation

After downloading the image, burn it to a CD/DVD or, if you prefer to put it on a USB stick, follow the instructions here: <u>https://wiki.mageia.org/en/Installation_Media#Dump_Mageia_ISOs_on_an_USB_stick</u>

1.2. Installation Stages

The installation is carried out in two stages:

- **Stage 1** This is the pre-Installation stage. You will need to provide the method and details for accessing the medium containing the files to be used for the installation. If the method involves a server, then the network connection will be activated. This network can be a WiFi connection with WEP or WPA2 encryption (though please be mindful of the Warning below regarding keyboard input).
- **Stage 2** This is the actual Installation stage, which will automatically commence once a connection to the installer files has been established.



During Stage 1, nothing will be written to your Hard Disk, so it is safe to quit at any point during Stage 1 if you wish. You can do so by pressing **Ctrl**+**Alt**+**Del**.



You can use Alt+F3 to read the logs and Alt+F1 to return to the installer screen.



Unlike when installing from DVD or LiveCD, you will be asked to type things during the first part of a Network installation (**Stage 1**). Throughout this stage, however, your keyboard will operate as per an <u>American keyboard</u> [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Keyboard_layout#United_S-tates] layout. Please bear this in mind to avoid confusion when entering things like names and paths etc.

2. Stage 1 (Pre-installation Stage)

2.1. Boot

The particular *Welcome Screen* that you will see when booting with the NetInstall media depends on whether you are booting on a BIOS or UEFI system. See the following two screenshots:

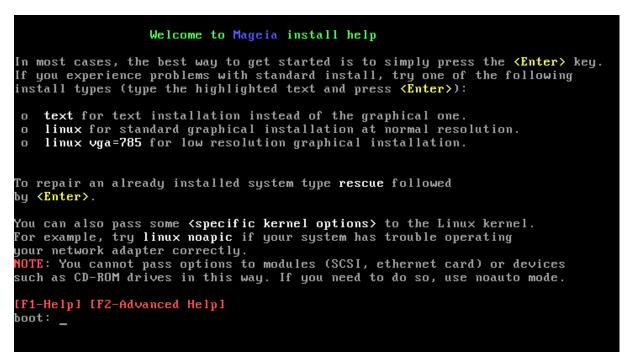


Figure 1. BIOS Welcome Screen

When booting up, you can choose to read the advanced help by pressing F2 and return to the installer screen by pressing F1. Otherwise, the boot will continue with default settings.



Figure 2. UEFI Welcome Screen

• Use the arrow keys to highlight *Start Mageia Install* and then press **Enter**.

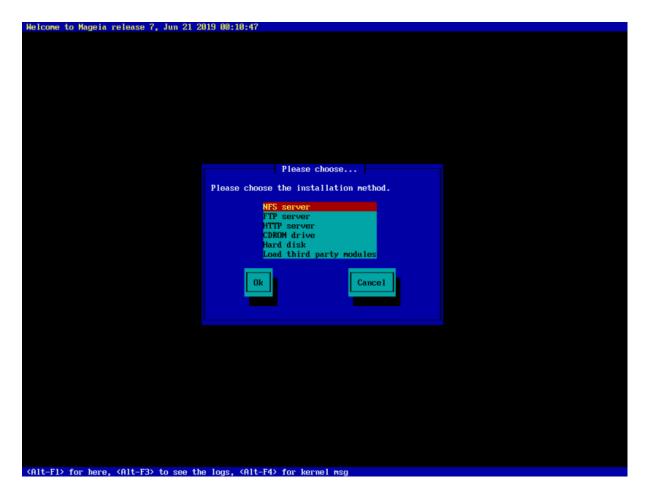
For both BIOS and UEFI systems, you will then see a pop-up notification saying that USB devices are being detected:



2.2. Installation Method

You can now choose an installation method via CDROM/HDD or Server (NFS, FTP or HTTP).

You also have the option to load third-party modules at this point.



- Move up or down the list using the arrow keys until the appropriate method of installation is highlighted.
- Press the **Tab** key until *Ok* is highlighted and then press **Enter**.

2.2.1. Server

- If you don't know what to choose for a Network Installation, choose FTP server.
- On an enterprise network, FTP and rsync may be blocked, so using *HTTP server* is a good choice in this case.

After choosing any of the server options you will automatically proceed to the <u>Network Connection</u> section.

2.2.2. CDROM/HDD

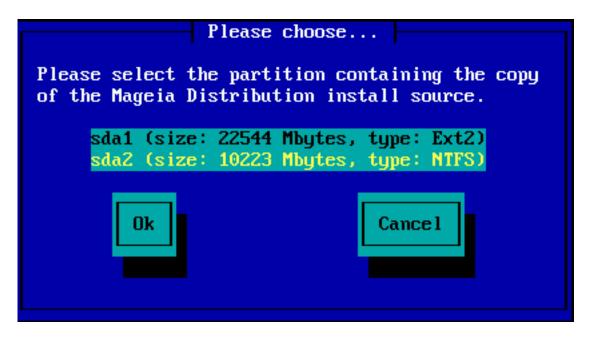
If you choose to install from either a CDROM or hard disk (or USB stick), a scan for storage devices will be performed:



• First, select the relevant hard drive (or USB stick)



• Followed by the relevant partition



• Then specify the directory or the file name of the ISO

Leaving this open, or using the directory is easier, because the installer then presents you with a list of directories and files from which you can make your selection using the up and down arrows, as seen in the second of the following images.





Once the information has been provided for the location of the ISO, either on CDROM or HDD, you will automatically proceed to <u>Stage 2</u> (the actual installation stage).

2.2.3. Load Third-Party Modules

If you wish to *Load third-party modules*, then you will be asked for the location of the directory containing the modules:



2.3. Network Connection

2.3.1. Connection Device

If you chose any of the server options at the *Installation Method* step, you will then be asked to choose a network device:



2.3.2. Connection Type

Now you need to choose whether the network device will use a DHCP, Static or ADSL connection:

Please choos	se
Please select your network	connection type.
DHCP	
Static ADSL	
Ok	Cance 1

If you are unsure which option is suitable, then you should probably accept the default option (DHCP).

2.3.3. Host/Domain Names

If necessary, you can now supply your Host and Domain names:

Please fill in entries
If the DHCP server needs to know you by name; please fill in this information. Valid answers are for example: 'mybox' for hostname and 'mynetwork.com' for domain name, for a machine called 'mybox.mynetwork.com' on the Internet.
Host name
Domain name
Ok Cance 1

• If you are unsure what this means then you can just leave the fields blank, highlight *Ok* and press **Enter** to proceed. The network connection will now be activated.

If you are using either FTP or HTTP, you will automatically proceed to the Mirrors section

If you are using NFS, you will be asked for the NFS server name and the directory containing the Mageia distribution:

Please fill in entries		
Please enter the name or IP address of your NFS server, and the directory containing the Mageia Distribution.		
NFS server name Mageia directory		
Ok Cance 1		

After entering the NFS details, you will automatically proceed to <u>Stage 2</u> (the actual installation stage).

2.4. Mirrors

If using FTP or HTTP, you now have to specify a mirror to use. This can be done manually or by choosing from a list



2.4.1. Specify Manually

You will find a list of all available mirrors here: http://mirrors.mageia.org/

Whichever mirror you choose, it should use the same tree-like structure from "mageia" (or "Mageia") as used by the official Mageia mirrors. That means .../mageia/distrib/<version>/<arch>

A correct entry (when using an official mirror) in the Mageia directory field below, could be:

pub/linux/mageia/distrib/cauldron/i586

Another example (for Mageia 6 x86_64) could be:

pub/Mirrors/Mageia/distrib/6/x86_64

Other mirrors may have a different path structure and the screenshots below show such examples:

If you are using an FTP server:

Please fill in entries		
Please enter the name or IP address of the FTP server, the directory containing the Mageia Distribution, and the login/pass if necessary (leave login blank for anonymous).		
FTP serverdistro.ibiblio.orgMageia directoryx/distributions/mageia/distrib/7/x86_64Login		
Ok Cance 1		

If you are using an HTTP server:



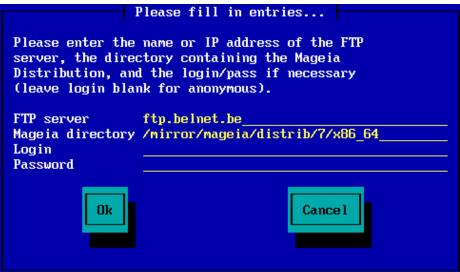
Once this information has been provided, you will automatically proceed to <u>Stage 2</u> (the actual installation stage).

2.4.2. Select From a List

If you get a lot of missing dependency errors later in the install, reboot and try a different mirror.

Please choose	e
Please select a mirror from	the list below.
Specify the mirror may vodka.sublink.org ftp.twaren.net ftp.cc.uoc.gr ftp-stud.hs-esslingen ftp.belnet.be ftp.linux.org.tr	
	Cance 1

After choosing an FTP server, you will see a screen where you can optionally add a login name and password if required.



Once this information has been provided, you will automatically proceed to <u>Stage 2</u> (the actual installation stage).

3. Stage 2 (Installation Stage)

Nothing has been written to your hard disk at this point. Therefore, if you decide not to proceed with the actual installation, then it is safe to reboot now: go to tty2 with Ctrl+Alt+F2 and press Ctrl+Alt+Del (or Ctrl+Alt+F7 to come back if you change your mind).

3.1. Please choose a language to use

- Select your preferred language, by first expanding the list for your continent. Mageia will use this selection during the installation and for your installed system.
- If it is likely that you (or others) will require several languages to be installed on your system, then you should use the *Multiple languages* option to add them now. It will be difficult to add extra language support after installation.

INSTALLATION	PLEASE CHOOSE A LANGUAGE TO USE Asia Africa Europe		
Language > License > Partitioning >	✓ America	Avañe'ē English (British)	
Installing CONFIGURATION Users Summary Updates Exit	▶ Oceania/Pacific	English (American) English (Canada) Español Esperanto Français Kalaallisut Português do Brasil Runa Simi ∆_₽⁰∩ጋና	
	Multiple languages Help		Next



Even if you choose more than one language, you must first choose one as your preferred language from the main list of languages. It will also be marked as chosen in the *Multiple languages* screen.

- If your keyboard language is not the same as your preferred language, then it is advisable to install the required language for your keyboard as well
- Mageia uses UTF-8 (Unicode) support by default. This may be disabled in the *Multiple languages* screen if you know that it is inappropriate for your language. Disabling UTF-8 applies to all installed languages.
- You can change the language for your system post-installation in the Mageia Control Center → System
 → localization for your system.

3.2. License and Release Notes

Ömageia	
	LICENSE AGREEMENT
	Introduction
INSTALLATION Language License	The operating system and the different components available in the Mageia distribution shall be called the "Software Products" hereafter. The Software Products include, but are not restricted to, the set of programs, methods, rules and documentation related to the operating system and the different components of the Mageia distribution, and any applications distributed with these products provided by Mageia's licensors or suppliers.
Partitioning	1. License Agreement
Installing -> CONFIGURATION Users -> Summary -> Updates ->	Please read this document carefully. This document is a license agreement between you and Mageia which applies to the Software Products. By installing, duplicating or using any of the Software Products in any manner, you explicitly accept and fully agree to conform to the terms and conditions of this License. If you disagree with any portion of the License, you are not allowed to install, duplicate or use the Software Products. Any attempt to install, duplicate or use the Software Products in a manner which does not comply with the terms and conditions of this License is void and will terminate your rights under this License. Upon termination of the License, you must immediately destroy all copies of the Software Products.
Exit 🔍	2. Limited Warranty
	The Software Products and attached documentation are provided "as is", with no warranty, to the extent permitted Do you accept this license ?
	Accept
	Release Notes
	P Help Quit Next

3.2.1. License Agreement

- Before installing Mageia, please read the license terms and conditions carefully.
- These terms and conditions apply to the entire Mageia distribution and must be accepted before you can continue.
- To proceed, simply select *Accept* and then click on *Next*

If you decide not to accept these conditions, then we thank you for your interest in Mageia. Clicking *Quit* will reboot your computer.

3.2.2. Release Notes

Important information about this particular Mageia release can be viewed by clicking on the *Release Notes* button.

3.3. Setup SCSI

Omageia HARD DRIVE DETECTION	
Which disk/card_reader driver should I try?	
Language • 3w_9xxx (3ware 9000 Storage Controller Linux Driver)	Ô
License Sas (LSI 3ware SAS/SATA-RAID Linux Driver)	
Partitioning Sw_xxxx (3ware Storage Controller Linux Driver)	
Installing Size7,8xx	
AM53C974	
CONFIGURATION BusLogic	
Users O DAC960	
Summary • NCR53c406a	
Updates • a100u2w (Initio A100U2W SCSI driver)	
Exit • a320raid	
aacraid (Dell PERC2, 2/Si, 3/Si, 3/Di, Adaptec Advanced Raid Products, HP Net	RA
advansys	
aec62xx (PCI driver module for ARTOP AEC62xx IDE)	
aha152x (Adaptec 152x SCSI driver; \$Revision: 2.7 \$)	\sim
aba15/12	~
Previous	Vex

DrakX will normally detect hard disks correctly. However, with some older SCSI controllers it may be unable to determine the correct drivers to use and subsequently fail to recognise the drive.

If your device is not recognised, you will need to manually tell DrakX which SCSI drive(s) you have. DrakX should then be able to configure the drive(s) correctly.

3.4. Install or Upgrade

Ömageia	
	INSTALL/UPGRADE
	Is this an install or an upgrade?
	O Upgrade Mageia (Official) 8
INSTALLATION Language •	○ Install
License •	
Partitioning	
Installing 🔍	
CONFIGURATION	
Users	
Summary ●	
Updates 🔍	
Exit •	
	▶ Help Next

• Install

Use this option to perform a fresh installation of Mageia. This will format the root partition (/), but can preserve a pre-existing / home partition (a dedicated /home partition, rather than being incorporated within the root (/) partition itself).

• Upgrade

Use this option to upgrade an existing installation of Mageia.



Only upgrading from a previous Mageia version that was *still supported* when this Installer's version was released, has been thoroughly tested. If you want to upgrade a Mageia version that has reached its "End Of Life" then it is better to do a "clean" install instead, while preserving your /home partition.



If you have discovered that you forgot to select an additional language, you can return from the *Install or Upgrade* screen to the language choice screen by pressing **Ctrl**+**Alt**+**Home**. Do **NOT** do this later in the install.

3.5. Keyboard

DrakX selects an appropriate keyboard for your language. If no suitable keyboard is found it will default to a US keyboard layout.

Ömageia		
INSTALLATION Language (*) License (*) Partitioning (*) Installing (*)	KEYBOARD Please choose your keyboard layout Dvorak (US) ISO9995-3 (US keyboard with 3 levels per key) US keyboard US keyboard (Macintosh) US keyboard (international)	
CONFIGURATION Users = Summary = Updates = Exit =	More	
		1 / m
	D Help Next	

- Make sure that the selection is correct or choose another keyboard layout. If you don't know which layout your keyboard has, look in the specifications that came with your system, or ask the computer vendor. There may even be a label on the keyboard that identifies the layout. You can also look here: <u>en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Keyboard_layout</u> [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Keyboard_layout]
- If your keyboard isn't in the list shown, click on *More* to get a fuller list, and select your keyboard there.



After choosing a keyboard from the *More* dialogue, you'll return to the first keyboard choice dialogue and it will seem as though a keyboard from that screen was chosen. You can safely ignore this and continue the installation: the keyboard chosen from the full list will be applied.

• If you choose a keyboard based on non-Latin characters, you will see an extra dialogue screen asking how you would prefer to switch between the Latin and non-Latin keyboard layouts

3.6. Partitioning

3.6.1. Suggested Partitioning

In this screen you can see the content of your hard drive(s) along with the DrakX partitioning proposals for where to install Mageia.

The actual options available from those shown below will vary according to the layout and content of your particular hard drive(s).

Ömageia	PARTITIONING	
	Here is the content of your disk drive ATA VBOX HARDDISK (20GB)	•
INSTALLATION Language License	XFS Swap Windows Other The DrakX Partitioning wizard found the following solutions: Image: Swap Image: S	Empty
Partitioning ⇒ Installing ⇒	Use existing partitions Erase and use entire disk	
CONFIGURATION Users => Summary => Updates => Exit =>	Custom disk partitioning	
	•	
	▶ Help	Next

Main Options

• Use Existing Partitions

If this option is available, then existing Linux compatible partitions have been found and may be used for the installation.

• Use Free Space

If you have unused space on your hard drive then this option will use it for your new Mageia installation.

• Use Free Space on a Windows Partition

If you have unused space on an existing Windows partition, the installer may offer to use it. This can be a useful way of making room for your new Mageia installation but see the warning below.

With this option, the installer displays the remaining Windows partition in light blue and the proposed Mageia partition in dark blue with their intended sizes just underneath. You have the option to modify these sizes by clicking and dragging the gap between both partitions. See the following screenshot:

ι	Jse the free space on a M	icrosoft Windows® p	artition	/		
0				(Å
	Windows (14GB)	Mageia (20GB)		-	-	



This involves shrinking the size of the Windows partition, and therefore is a risky operation, so you should make sure you have backed up all important files before proceeding.



The partition must be "clean", meaning that Windows must have closed down correctly the last time it was used. It must also have been defragmented, although this is not a guarantee that all files in the partition have been moved out of the area that is about to be used for Mageia.

• Erase and use Entire Disk

This option will allocate the entire drive for Mageia



This will erase ALL data on the selected hard drive. Take care! If you intend to use part of the disk for something else, or you already have data on the drive that you are not prepared to lose, then do not use this option.

Custom Disk Partitioning

This gives you complete control over the placing of the installation on your hard drive(s).

If you are not using the *Custom disk partitioning* option, then the installer will allocate the available space according to the following rules:

- If the total available space is less than 50 GB, then only one partition is created. This will be the / (root) partition.
- If the total available space is greater than 50 GB, then three partitions are created
 - 6/19 of the total available place is allocated to / with a maximum of 50 GB
 - 1/19 is allocated to swap with a maximum of 4 GB
 - the rest (at least 12/19) is allocated to /home

This means that from 160 GB or greater available space, the installer will create three partitions:

- 50 GB for /
- 4 GB for swap
- and the remainder for /home



If you are using a UEFI system, the ESP (EFI System Partition) will be automatically detected - or created if it does not exist yet - and mounted on /boot/EFI. The *Custom disk partitioning* option is the only one that allows to check it has been correctly done.

If you are using a Legacy (also known as BIOS) system with a GPT partitioned disk, you need to create a BIOS boot partition if it doesn't already exist. It should be about 1 MiB with no mount point. It can be created with the Installer, under *Custom disk partitioning*, like any other partition. Be sure to select "BIOS boot partition" for filesystem type.

See **DiskDrake** for information on how to proceed.

Ömageia	Click on a p	artition, cho	ose a filesyste	m type the	n choose an	action
INSTALLATION Language = License = Partitioning = Installing =	sda /bo 299 Ext4 XES Details	Swap	/ 1050 Windows	Other	Empty	Mount point Resize Delete
CONFIGURATION Users Updates Exit	Mount point: / Device: sda2 Type: Journalised FS: ext4 Size: 19GB (98% of disk) Not formatted					k
	Clear all		Auto allocate			Expert mode
1	▶ Help					tore Done

Ömageia	PARTITIONING	_
	you want to mount device sda1?	-
Mount point		-
Lanç		/iew
Lic	1	nt point
Partiti Inst	/boot	esize
	/home	
CONFIGUE	/mnt/windows	elete
Sum	/opt /tmp	
Up	/usr	
	/usr/local	
	/var	
	/var/ftp	
	/var/www	
	*	
		pert mode
	Cancel Ok	Done



Some newer drives are now using 4096 byte logical sectors, instead of the previous standard of 512. Due to lack of available hardware, the partitioning tool used in the installer has not been tested with such a drive.

Some SSD devices now use an erase block size over 1 MB. If you have such a device we suggest that you partition the drive in advance, using an alternative partitioning tool like gparted, and to use the following settings:

- *Align to* = MiB
- Free space preceding (MiB) = 2

Also make sure all partitions are created using an even number of megabytes.

3.6.2. Choose the mount points

	ARTITIONING			,
	want to mount device sda1?			
Mount point	1		-	
INSTALI			Lauran	/iew
Lic Partiti				nt point
Inst				esize
CONFIGUE				elete
Up		¥		
				pert mode
		Cancel	Ok	Done

Here you see the Linux partitions that have been found on your computer. If you don't agree with the DrakX suggestions, you can change the mount points yourself.

- To the left of the drop-down menus is a list of available partitions. For example: sda is a hard drive and 5 is a *partition number*, followed by the *(capacity, mount point, filesystem type)* of the partition.
- If you have several partitions, you can choose various different *mount points* from the drop down menu, such as /, /home and /var. You can even make your own mount points, for instance /video for a partition where you want to store your films, or perhaps /Data for all your data files.
- For any partitions that you don't need to make use of, you can leave the mount point field blank.



If you make any changes here, ensure you still have a / (root) partition.



If you are not sure what to choose, click *Previous* to go back and then tick *Custom disk partitioning*, where you can click on a partition to see its type and size.

If you are sure the mount points are correct, click on *Next*, and choose whether you only want to format the partition suggested by DrakX, or more.

3.6.3. Confirm hard disk to be formatted

Ömageia	PARTITIONING
	ALL existing partitions and their data will be lost on drive sda (20GB, ATA VBOX HARDDISK)
INSTALLATION	
Language 🔹	
License 🔍	
Partitioning •	
Installing >	
CONFIGURATION	
Users 🔍	
Summary •	
Updates ⇒ Exit ⇒	
	Help Previous Next
	•

- Click on *Previous* if you are at all unsure about your choice.
- Click on *Next* to proceed if you are sure that it is OK to erase **every** partition, **every** operating system and **all data** that might be on that hard disk.

) mageia	Click on a part	ition, choose a filesyste	em type then choo	se an action
	sda			
INSTALLATION Language •				Create
License •				
Partitioning Installing	Ext4 XFS	Swap Windows	Other Empt	У 🖡
	Details			
CONFIGURATION Users	Empty Size: 19GB (99% of disk)			
Summary •	Cylinder 0 to 2609			
Updates 🔍				
Exit 🔍				
	Clear all	Auto allocate		Expert mode
	Clear all	Auto anocate		Expert mode
	▶ Help			More Done

3.6.4. Custom Disk Partitioning with DiskDrake

- Modify the layout of your disk(s) here. You can remove or create partitions, change the filesystem or size of a partition and even view their details before you start.
- There is a tab at the top for every detected hard disk (or other storage device, like a USB key), for example: sda, sdb, sdc etc.
- For all other actions: click on the desired partition first. Then view it, or choose a filesystem and a mount point, resize it or wipe it. *Expert mode* provides more options such as to label (name) a partition, or to choose a partition type.
- Continue until you have adjusted everything to your satisfaction, then click *Done* when you're ready.



- 1. Take care with the *Clear all* option, use it only if you are sure you want to wipe all partitions on the selected storage device.
- 2. If you wish to use encryption on your / partition you must ensure that you have a separate / boot partition. The encryption option for the /boot partition must NOT be set, otherwise your system will be unbootable.



- If you are installing Mageia on a UEFI system, check that an ESP (EFI System Partition) is present and correctly mounted on /boot/EFI. See Figure 1 below.
- If you are installing Mageia on a Legacy/GPT system, check that a BIOS boot partition is present and of the correct type. See Figure 2 below.

Ömageia	PARTITIONING Click on a partiti	on, choose a filesystem type	then choose an action
INSTALLATION Language • License • Partitioning •	sda /bo 299 Ext4 XES St	/ 1008 wap 100 Windows Other	Mount point Resize
Installing • CONFIGURATION Users • Summary • Updates • Exit •	Details Mount point: / Device: sda2 Type: Journalised FS: ext4 Size: 19GB (98% of disk) Not formatted		Delete
	Clear all	Auto allocate	Expert mode More Done

Figure 3. EFI System Partition

Ömagela	PARTITIONING Click on a p	artition, choo	ose a filesyster	n type the	n choose an a	action
INSTALLATION Language • License • Partitioning •	sda /bo 299 Ext4 XES	Swap	/ 1008 Windows	Other	Empty	Mount point Resize
Installing • CONFIGURATION Users • Summary • Updates • Exit •	Details Mount point: / Device: sda2 Type: Journalised FS: ext4 Size: 19GB (98% of disk) Not formatted	50039			cmpty	Delete
	Clear all		Auto allocate			Expert mode
	▶ Help				M	ore Done

Figure 4. BIOS boot partition

3.6.5. Formatting

Ömageia	FORMATTING	.]
INSTALLATION Language = License = Partitioning = Installing = CONFIGURATION Users =	Choose the partitions you want to form solutions you want to form solutions and solutions (1968, /, ext4)	at
Summary > Updates > Exit >		
	D Help	Previous

Here you can choose which partition(s) you wish to format. Any data on partitions *not* marked for formatting will be preserved.

Usually, at least the partitions that DrakX selected need to be formatted.

Click on Advanced to choose the partitions you want to check for so-called bad blocks



If you're not sure you have made the right choice, you can click on *Previous*, again on *Previous* and then on *Custom* to get back to the main screen, where you can choose to view details of your partitions.

When you are confident about the selections, click on Next to continue.

3.7. Software

3.7.1. Media Selection

3.7.1.1. Supplemental Installation Media

Ömageia	MEDIA SELECTION
INSTALLATION Language = License = Partitioning = Installing = CONFIGURATION Users = Summary = Updates = Exit =	The following media have been found and will be used during install: - Core Release (Installer), - Nonfree Release (Installer). Do you have a supplementary installation medium to configure?
	None Network (HTTP) Network (FTP) Network (NFS)

This screen shows you the list of already recognised repositories. You can add other sources for packages, like an optical-disc or a remote source. The source selection determines which packages will be available during the subsequent steps.

For a network source, there are two steps to follow:

- 1. Choosing and activating the network, if not already up.
- 2. Selecting a mirror or specifying a URL (very first entry). By selecting a mirror, you have access to the selection of all repositories managed by Mageia, like the *Nonfree*, the *Tainted* repositories and the *Updates*. With the URL, you can designate a specific repository or your own NFS installation.



If you are updating a 64-bit installation which may contain some 32-bit packages, it is advised to use this screen to add an online mirror by selecting one of the Network protocols here. The 64-bit DVD ISO only contains 64-bit and *noarch* packages, it will not be able to update the 32-bit packages. However, after adding an online mirror, the installer will find the needed 32-bit packages there.

3.7.1.2. Available Media

Ömageia	
	MEDIA SELECTION
INSTALLATION Language •	Here you can enable more media if you want. Some hardware on your machine needs some non free firmwares in order for the free software drivers to work. You should enable "Nonfree Release"
License 🔍	Core Release (Installer)
Partitioning •	☑ Nonfree Release (Installer)
Installing •	
CONFIGURATION	
Users •	
Summary •	
Updates 🔍	
Exit >	•
	D Help Next

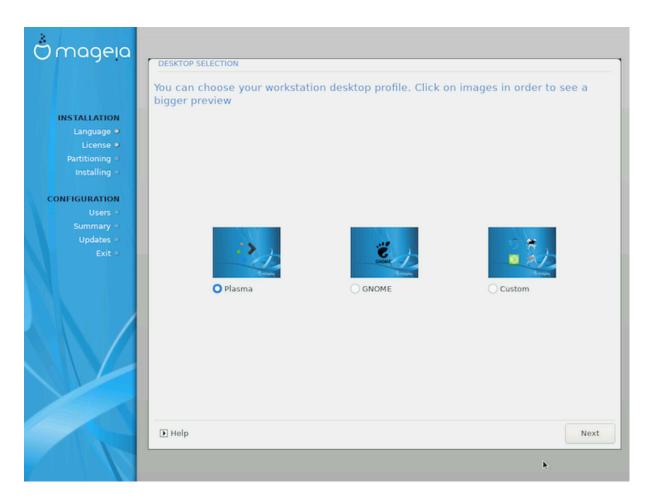
Here you have the list of available repositories. Not all repositories are available, according to which media you use for installing. The repositories selection determines which packages will be available for selection during the next steps.

- The Core repository cannot be disabled as it contains the base of the distribution.
- The *Nonfree* repository includes packages that are free-of-charge, i.e. Mageia may redistribute them, but they contain closed-source software (hence the name Nonfree). For example this repository includes nVidia and AMD graphics card proprietary drivers, firmware for various WiFi cards, etc.
- The *Tainted* repository includes packages released under a free license. The main criteria for placing packages in this repository is that they may infringe patents and copyright laws in some countries, e.g. multimedia codecs needed to play various audio/video files; packages needed to play commercial video DVD's, etc.

3.7.2. Desktop Selection

Some choices made here will open other screens with related options.

After the selection step(s), you will see a slideshow during the installation of required packages. The slideshow can be disabled by pressing the *Details* button.



- Choose whether you prefer to use the KDE Plasma or GNOME desktop environment. Both come with a full set of useful applications and tools.
- Select *Custom* if you do not wish to use either (or, actually use both) of these, or if you want to modify the default software choices for these desktop environments. The LXDE desktop, for instance, is lighter than the previous two, sporting less eye candy and having fewer packages installed by default.

3.7.3. Package Group Selection

Ömagela			
	PACKAGE GROUP SELECTION Workstation		
	▶ Server		
INSTALLATION Language • License •	Graphical Environment		
Partitioning Installing			
CONFIGURATION			
Users ⇒ Summary ⇒			
Updates > Exit >	☐ Individual package selection Total size: 6912 / 5063 MB		
	▶ Help	Unselect All	Next

Packages are arranged into common groups, to make choosing what you need on your system a lot easier. The groups are fairly self explanatory, however more information about the content of each is available in tool-tips which become visible as the mouse is hovered over them.

- Workstation
- Server
- Graphical Environment
- Individual Package Selection: you can use this option to manually add or remove packages

See Minimal Install for instructions on how to do a minimal install (without or with X & IceWM).

3.7.4. Minimal Install

Minimal Installation is intended for those with specific uses in mind for Mageia, such as a server or a specialised workstation. You will probably use this option combined with the *Individual package selection* option to fine-tune your installation. See <u>Choose Individual Packages</u>.

• You can choose a *Minimal Installation* by de-selecting everything in the *Package Group Selection* screen, see <u>Choose Package Groups</u>.

If desired, you can additionally tick the Individual package selection option in the same screen.

• If you choose this installation method, then the relevant screen (see screenshot below) will offer you a few useful extras to install, such as documentation and "X".

If the *With X* option is selected, then IceWM (a lightweight desktop environment) will also be included.

The basic documentation is provided in the form of "man" and "info" pages. It contains the man pages from the <u>Linux Documentation Project</u> [http://www.tldp.org/manpages/man.html] and the <u>GNU coreutils</u> [http://www.gnu.org/software/coreutils/manual/] info pages.

Ömageia	
Ornageia	TYPE OF INSTALL
	With x
	🕑 Install recommended packages
INSTALLATION	☑ With basic documentation (recommended!)
Language 单	Truly minimal install (especially no urpmi)
License	
Partitioning Installing	
CONFIGURATION	
Summary + Updates +	
Exit -	
	Help Previous Next

3.7.5. Choose Individual Packages

Ömageia	SOFTWARE MANAGEMENT		
	Choose the packages	s you want to install	
	✓ Workstation	2	
INSTALLATION	Office Workstation	¥	
Language •	Game station		
License •	Multimedia station	V	
Partitioning	Internet station	\checkmark	
Installing	Network Computer (cl	ier 🖌	
	Configuration	¥	
CONFIGURATION	Console Tools	X	
Users •	Development	Σ	
Summary •	Documentation	Y	
Updates •	LSB		
Exit 🔍	Graphical Environment	\checkmark	
	Server		
	Info		
		Total size: 6176 / 15228 MB	
	Show automatically sele		
	🗈 Help 🛛 🚱		Previous
			R

Here you can add or remove any extra packages to customize your installation.

After having made your choice, you can click on the *floppy* icon at the bottom of the page to save your choice of packages (saving to a USB key works, too). You can then use this file to install the same packages on another system, by pressing the same button during install and choosing to load it.

3.8. User Management

magela	ERIMANAGEMENT		
• s	et administrator (root) password		
	Password		
INSTALLATION Language	Password (again)		
License •			
	nter a user		
Installing •	Icon		
CONFIGURATION Users $ ightarrow$	Real name		
Summary \circ	Login name		
Updates Exit	Password		
	Password (again)		
	Advanced		
	nuver.cu		
Ð	Help		Nex

3.8.1. Set Administrator (root) Password:

It is advisable for all Mageia installations to set a superuser (Administrator) password, usually called the *root* password in Linux. You need to repeat the same password in the box underneath, to check that the first entry was not mistyped.



As you type a password into the top box a shield will change from red-to-yellow-to-green depending on the strength of the password. A green shield shows you are using a strong password.

All passwords are case-sensitive. It is best to use a mixture of letters (upper and lower case), numbers and other characters in a password.

3.8.2. Enter a user

Add a User here. A regular user has fewer privileges than the superuser (root), but enough to use the Internet, office applications or play games and anything else the average user might use a computer for.

• Icon

Click on this button if you want to change the user's icon

Real Name

Insert the user's real name into this text box

• Login Name

Enter the user login name or let DrakX use a version of the user's real name. The login name is case-sensitive.

• Password

Type in the user password (remembering the advice in the Note above).

Password (again): Retype the user password. DrakX will check that you have not mistyped the password.



Any users added while installing Mageia, will have a home directory that is both read and write protected (umask=0027)

You can add any extra needed users in the *Configuration - Summary* step during the install. Choose *User management*.

The access permissions can also be changed after the install.

3.8.3. User Management (advanced)

The Advanced option allows you to edit further settings for the user you are adding.

- *Shell*: This drop-down list allows you to change the shell available to any user you added in the previous screen. Options are Bash, Dash and Sh
- *User ID*: Here you can set the user ID for any user you added in the previous screen. If you are unsure what the purpose of this is, then leave it blank.
- Group ID: This lets you set the group ID. Again, if unsure, leave it blank.

3.9. Graphical Configuration

3.9.1. Graphics Card and Monitor Configuration

Ömageia	GRAPHIC CARD & MONITOR CONFI	IGURATION	
	Graphic Card	VirtualBox virtual v	
INSTALLATION	Monitor	Custom	
Language • License •	Resolution	Automatic	
Partitioning		Options	
Installing •			
CONFIGURATION Users			
Summary •			
Updates = Exit =			
	▶ Help		Next

No matter which graphical environment (also known as desktop environment) you chose for this install of Mageia, they are all based on a graphical user interface system called X Window System, or simply "X". So in order for KDE Plasma, GNOME, LXDE or any other graphical environment to work well, the following "X" settings need to be correct.

Choose the appropriate settings manually if you think the details are incorrect, or if none are shown.

• Graphics Card

If you need to, you can select a specific card from this expandable list. See <u>Choose an X Server (Configure</u> your Graphic Card).

• Monitor

You can choose Plug 'n Play, if applicable, or choose your monitor from the *Vendor* or *Generic* lists. Choose *Custom* if you prefer to manually set the horizontal and vertical refresh rates of your monitor. See <u>Choosing your Monitor</u>.

• Resolution

The resolution and color depth of your monitor can be set here.

• Test

The test button does not always appear during install. If the option is there, and you test your settings, you should be asked to confirm that your settings are correct. If you answer *Yes*, the settings will be kept. If you

don't see anything, you'll return to the configuration screen and be able to reconfigure everything until the test result is satisfactory. If the test option is not available, then make sure your settings are on the safe side.

• Options

Here you can choose to enable or disable various options.



There is a risk of damaging a monitor if you choose refresh rates that are outside the frequency range of that monitor. This applies to older CRT displays: modern monitors will reject an unsupported frequency and normally enter standby mode.

3.9.2. Choose an X Server (Configure your Graphic Card)

) magela	X SERVER	
$M = M \times M = \{0\}$	Choose an X server	
INSTALLATION	, manual mile	
Language 🔹	▼ Other	
License •	3DFX Voodoo / Voodoo II	
Partitioning •	3DFX Voodoo 3 - 5 / Banshee / Rush	
Installing •	Alliance ProMotion-based cards	
	FrameBuffer (generic)	
CONFIGURATION	IMS TwinTurbo-based cards	
Users •	MediaGX	
Summary 🔍	QXL virtual video card	
Updates •	Tseng ET4000W32p / ET6x00-based cards	
Exit 🔍	VESA driver (generic)	
	VIA Chrome9-based cards	
	VMware virtual video card	
	Virtio virtual video card	
	VirtualBox virtual video card	
	Rendition Verite	
	▶ S3	
	▶ sis	
	Silicon Motion	
	▶ Sun	
	▶ Trident	
	▶ Xorg	
	D Help	Previous

DrakX has a very comprehensive database of video cards and will usually correctly identify your video device.

If the installer has not correctly detected your graphic card and you know which one you have, you can select it from the tree by:

- Vendor
- then the make of your card
- and the model of card

If you cannot find your card in the vendor lists (because it's not yet in the database or it's an older card) you may find a suitable driver in the *Xorg* category, which provides more than 40 generic and open source video card drivers. If you still can't find a specific driver for your card there is the option of using the VESA driver which provides basic capabilities.



Be aware that if you select an incompatible driver you may only have access to the *Command Line Interface*

Some video card manufacturers provide proprietary drivers for Linux which may only be available in the *Nonfree* repository and in some cases only from the card manufacturers' websites. The *Nonfree* repository needs to be explicitly enabled to access them. If you didn't enable it previously, you should do this after your first reboot.

3.9.3. Choosing your Monitor

DrakX has a very comprehensive database of monitors and will usually correctly identify yours.



Selecting a monitor with different characteristics could damage your monitor or video hardware. Please don't try something without knowing what you are doing. If in doubt you should consult your monitor documentation.

Ömageia	MOUSE CHOICE	ase choose your type of mouse.	
INSTALLATION Language = License = Partitioning = Installing = CONFIGURATION Users = Summary = Updates = Exit =	 PS/2 USB Universal Any PS/2 & USB mice Force evdev busmouse none serial 	ase choose your type of mouse.	
	▶ Help		Previous Next

Custom

This option allows you to set two critical parameters: the vertical refresh rate and the horizontal sync rate. Vertical refresh determines how often the screen is refreshed and horizontal sync is the rate at which scan lines are displayed.

It is *VERY IMPORTANT* that you do not specify a monitor type with a sync range that is beyond the capabilities of your monitor: you may damage your monitor. If in doubt, choose a conservative setting and consult your monitor documentation.

Plug'n Play	This is the default option and automatically tries to determine the monitor type from the
	monitor database.
Vendor	If the installer has not correctly detected your monitor and you know which one you have,
	you can choose it from the options by selecting:

- Manufacturer
- Monitor model

3.10. Bootloader

3.10.1. Available Bootloaders

3.10.1.1. Grub2

Grub2 on Legacy MBR/GPT systems

- GRUB2 (with or without graphical menu) will be used exclusively as the bootloader for a Legacy/MBR or Legacy/GPT system.
- By default, a new bootloader will be written into either the MBR (Master Boot Record) of your first hard drive or in the BIOS boot partition.

Grub2-efi on UEFI systems

- GRUB2-efi or rEFInd may be used as the bootloader for a UEFI system.
- By default, a new bootloader (Grub2-efi) will be written into the ESP (EFI System Partition).

If there are already UEFI-based operating systems installed on your computer (Windows 8 for example), the Mageia installer will detect the existing ESP created by Windows and add grub2-efi to it. If no ESP exists, then one will be created. Although it is possible to have several ESPs, only one is required, whatever the number of operating systems you have.

3.10.1.2. rEFInd

rEFInd on UEFI systems

 rEFInd has a nice graphical set of options, and can auto-detect installed EFI bootloaders. See: http:// www.rodsbooks.com/refind/



Please note that in order to be able to use the rEFInd option, an installed EFI System Partition must match your system architecture: if you have a 32bit EFI System Partition installed on a 64bit machine for instance, then the rEFInd option will not be displayed/available to you.

Generic Selecting this group will list approximately 30 display configurations such as 1024x768 @ 60Hz and includes flat-panel displays as used in laptops. This is often a good monitor selection group if you need to use the VESA card driver when your video hardware cannot be determined automatically. Once again, it may be wise to be conservative in your selections.

3.10.2. Bootloader Setup

3.10.2.1. Bootloader main options

	Bootloader			
	Bootloader to use	GRUB2 with graphical menu		
INSTALLATION Language •	Boot device	/dev/sda (ATA VBOX HARDDISK)		
License Partitioning	Main options			
Installing •	Delay before booting default image	10		
ONFIGURATION				
Users 🔍	Security			
Summary 🔍	Password			
Updates ⇒ Exit ⇒	Password (again)			
	▶ Advanced			
	▶ Help		Previous	Next

- Bootloader to use
 - GRUB2 (with either a graphical or a text menu), can be chosen for both Legacy MBR/BIOS systems and UEFI systems.
 - rEFInd (with a graphical menu) is an alternative option solely for use with UEFI systems.
- Boot device



Don't change this unless you really know what you are doing.



There is no option to write GRUB to the boot sector of a partition (e.g: sda1), as this method is considered unreliable.

When using UEFI mode, then the Boot device will be listed as EFI System Partition.

• Delay before booting the default image

This text box lets you set a delay, in seconds, before the default operating system is started up.

• Security

This allows you to set a password for the bootloader. This means a username and password will be required when booting in order to select a booting entry or change settings. This is optional, and most people are not likely to have a need for it. The username is root and the password is the one chosen hereafter.

Password

Choose a password for the bootloader (optional)

• Password (again)

Retype the password and DrakX will check that it matches with the one set above

Advanced

• Enable ACPI

ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface) is a standard for power management. It can save energy by stopping unused devices. Deselecting it could be useful if, for example, your computer does not support ACPI or if you think the ACPI implementation might cause some problems (for instance random reboots or system lockups).

• Enable SMP

This option enables/disables symmetric multiprocessing for multi-core processors

• Enable APIC

Enabling this gives the operating system access to the Advanced Programmable Interrupt Controller. APIC devices permit more complex priority models, and Advanced IRQ (Interrupt Request) management.

• Enable Local APIC

Here you can set Local APIC, which manages all external interrupts for a specific processor in an SMP system

3.10.2.2. Bootloader Configuration

If, in the previous section you selected rEFInd as the bootloader to use, you would then be presented with the options shown in the screenshot directly below. Otherwise, please instead move on to the subsequent screenshot for your options.

Ömagela	BOOTLOADE	R CONFIGURATION		
	Default	Mageia		-
INSTALLATION	Append	splash quiet noiswmd audit=0		
Language License Partitioning Installing	Install	Foreign OS in /EFI/BOOT (removable device or workaround for some BIOSs)		
CONFIGURATION Users → Summary →	▶ Advanced			
Updates > Exit >				
	▶ Help		Previous	Next
			۴	

Your rEFInd configuration options:

- Install or update rEFInd in the EFI system partition.
- Install in /EFI/BOOT.

This option installs the bootloader in the /EFI/BOOT directory of the ESP (EFI System Partition). This can be useful when:

(a) Installing onto a removable drive (e.g. a USB stick) that can be removed and plugged into a different machine. If the bootloader is stored in /EFI/BOOT, UEFI BIOS's will detect it and allow you to boot from that drive.

(b) As a workaround where, due to a buggy UEFI BIOS, the newly written bootloader for Mageia will not be recognized at end of the installation.

If you did not select rEFInd as the bootloader to use in the previous section, then your bootloader configuration options are shown below:

Ömagela	BOOTLOADER	CONFIGURATION
	Default	Mageia
INSTALLATION	Append	splash quiet noiswmd resume=UUID=d5068e1a-de0b-4374-9b51-00925d6a7e75 audit=0
Language 🔍	🗹 Probe I	Foreign OS
License • Partitioning • Installing •	▶ Advanced	
CONFIGURATION		
Users ● Summary ●		
Updates 🔍		
Exit		
	▶ Help	Previous Next

Default

The operating system to be started up by default.

Append

This option lets you pass information to the kernel or tell the kernel to give you more information as it boots.

• Probe foreign OS

If you already have other operating systems installed, Mageia attempts to add them to your new Mageia boot menu. If you don't want this behaviour, then untick the Probe Foreign OS option.

• Install in /EFI/BOOT. (Note: this menu option only becomes available where the installer detects that a machine is in UEFI mode).

This option installs the bootloader in the /EFI/BOOT directory of the ESP (EFI System Partition). This can be useful when:

(a) Installing onto a removable drive (e.g. a USB stick) that can be removed and plugged into a different machine. If the bootloader is stored in /EFI/BOOT, UEFI BIOS's will detect it and allow you to boot from that drive.

(b) As a workaround where, due to a buggy UEFI BIOS, the newly written bootloader for Mageia will not be recognized at end of the installation.

Advanced

BOOTLOADER CONFIGUI Video mode 1024x Do not touch ESP of Lin Partiti Inst CONFIGUE	768 16bpp			•	-
INSTALI Lanc Lic Partiti Inst CONFIGUE				•	-
Lang Lic Partiti Inst CONFIGUE	MBR				
Lic Partiti Inst CONFIGUE					
Partiti Inst CONFIGUE					
Inst CONFIGUE					
Sum					
Up					
			 Cancel	Ok	Next

• Video mode

This sets the screen size and colour depth to be used by the boot menu. If you click the down-triangle you will be offered other size and colour depth options.

• Do not touch ESP or MBR

Select this option if you don't want a bootable Mageia, but would rather chain-load it from another OS. You will get a warning that the bootloader is missing. Click Ok only if you are sure you understand the implications, and wish to proceed.



Chain-loading via legacy bootloaders (GRUB Legacy and LiLo) is no longer supported by Mageia as it is likely to fail when attempting to boot this resulting installation of Mageia. If you use anything other than GRUB2 or rEFInd for this purpose, then you do so at your own risk!

Not installing on ESP or MBR means that the installation is not bootable unless chain loaded from another OS!

Ok

3.10.3. Other Options

3.10.3.1. Using an existing bootloader

The exact procedure for adding Mageia to an existing bootloader is beyond the scope of this documentation. However, in most cases it will involve running the relevant bootloader installation program, which should detect Mageia and automatically add an entry for it in the bootloader menu. See the documentation for the relevant operating system.

3.10.3.2. Installing Without a Bootloader

While you can opt to install Mageia without a bootloader (see section 2.1 Advanced), this is not recommended unless you absolutely know what you are doing, as without some form of bootloader your operating system will be unable to start.

3.10.3.3. Add or Modify a Boot Menu Entry

To do this you need to manually edit /boot/grub2/custom.cfg or use the software **grub-customizer** tool instead (available in the Mageia repositories).



For more information, see: https://wiki.mageia.org/en/Grub2-efi_and_Mageia

3.11. Configuration Summary

	• System	
INSTALLATION	Timezone - Europe/London	Configure
Language • License •	Country / Region - United Kingdom	Configure
Partitioning Installing	Bootloader - grub2-graphic on /dev/sda	Configure
	User management	Configure
ONFIGURATION Users 🤊	Services - 30 activated for 74 registered	Configure
Summary ⇒ Updates ⇒ Exit ⇒	• Hardware	
	Keyboard - UK keyboard	Configure
	Mouse - Universal Any PS/2 & USB mice	Configure
	Sound card - Intel 82801AA,82901AB,i810,i820,i830,i840,i845,MX440; SiS 7012; Ali 5455	Configure
	Graphical interface - Automatic	Configure
	• Network & Internet	

DrakX presents a proposal for the configuration of your system depending on the choices you made so far, and on the hardware detected. You can check the settings here and change them if you want by pressing *Configure*.

As a general rule, it is recommended that you accept the default settings unless:

- 0000000
- there are known issues with a default setting the default setting has already been tried and it fails
- some other factor mentioned in the detailed sections below is an issue

3.11.1. System parameters

• Timezone

DrakX selects a timezone for you, depending on your preferred language. You can change it if needed. See also <u>Configure Timezone</u>

• Country / Region

If the selected country is wrong, it is very important that you correct the setting. See Select Country

• Bootloader

DrakX proposal for the bootloader setting

Do not change anything, unless you know how to configure GRUB2. For more information, see Bootloader

• User management

You can add extra users here. They will each be allocated their own /home directories.

• Services

System services refer to those small programs which run in the background (daemons). This tool allows you to enable or disable certain processes.

You should check carefully before changing anything here - a mistake may prevent your computer from operating correctly. For more information, see <u>Configure Services</u>

3.11.2. Hardware parameters

Keyboard

Configure your keyboard layout according to your location, language and type of keyboard.



If you notice a wrong keyboard layout and want to change it, keep in mind that your passwords are going to change too.

• Mouse

Here you can add or configure other pointing devices, tablets, trackballs etc.

• Sound card

The installer will use the default driver if one is available.

If there is no specific default driver for your sound card, there may be other possible alternative drivers available to choose from. If this is the case, but you think the installer has not made the most appropriate choice, you can click on *Advanced* to manually specify a driver.

• Graphical interface

This section allows you to configure your graphics card(s) and displays. For more information, see <u>Graphics</u> <u>Card and Monitor Configuration</u>

mageia	SUMMARY		
	• Hardware		
INSTALLATION	- Hardware		
Language 🔍	Keyboard - UK keyboard	Configure	
License Partitioning	Mouse - Universal Any PS/2 & USB mice	Configure	
Installing •	Sound card - Intel 82801AA,82901AB,i810,i820,i830,i840,i845,MX440; SiS 7012; Ali 5455	Configure	
CONFIGURATION	Graphical interface - Automatic	Configure	
Users •			
Summary = Updates =			
	Network & Internet		
	Network - ethernet	Configure	
	Proxies - not configured	Configure	
	Security		
	Security Level - Standard	Configure	
	Firewall - activated	Configure	
	▶ Help		Next

3.11.3. Network and Internet parameters

Network

You can configure your network here, but for network cards with non-free drivers it is better to do that after reboot, using the Mageia Control Center if you have not yet enabled the *Nonfree* media repositories.



When you add a network card, do not forget to set your firewall to monitor that interface as well.

• Proxies

A Proxy Server acts as an intermediary between your computer and the wider Internet. This section allows you to configure your computer to utilize a proxy service.

You may need to consult your systems administrator to obtain the parameters you need to enter here.

3.11.4. Security

• Security Level

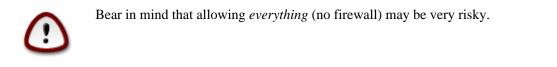
The default Security level (Standard) for your computer should be adequate for general use in most cases. However, select the option which best suits your usage.

• Firewall

The firewall allows you to manage which network connections are allowed on your computer. The safe and secure default is to allow ZERO inbound connections. This does not stop you connecting outbound and using your computer normally.

Please be aware that the Internet is a high risk network where there are continuous attempts to probe and attack systems. Even seemingly "safe" connections such as ICMP (for ping) have been used as covert data channels for exfiltrating data by malicious persons.

For more information, see Firewall.



3.12. Locale

3.12.1. Configure your Timezone

Ö	mageia		
		TIMEZONE	
		Which is your timezone?	
	INSTALLATION		
	Language 🔍	Guernsey	
	License 🔍	Helsinki	
	Partitioning	Isle_of_Man	
	Installing 🔍	Istanbul	
		Jersey	
(ONFIGURATION	Kaliningrad	
	Users 🔍	Kiev	
	Summary 🔍	Kirov	
	Updates 😐	Lisbon	
	Exit 🔍	Ljubljana	
		London	
		Luxembourg	
		Madrid	
		Malta	
		Mariehamn	
		Minsk	
		Monaco	
		Moscow	
		Nicosia	
		Oslo	
		Paris	
			Previous Next
		4	b

• Choose your timezone by choosing your country, or a city close to you in the same timezone.

In the next screen you can choose to set your hardware clock to local time or to GMT, also known as UTC.



If you have more than one operating system on your computer, make sure they are all set to local time, or all to UTC/GMT.

3.12.2. Select your Country / Region

Ömageia	COUNTRY / REGION
	Please choose your country
INSTALLATION Language • License • Partitioning • Installing •	Solomon Islands South Africa South Georgia and the South Sandwich Islands Svalbard and Jan Mayen Islands Swaziland
CONFIGURATION Users > Summary > Updates > Exit >	Tanzania Tokelau Tonga Trinidad and Tobago Turks and Caicos Islands Tuvalu United Kingdom
	United Kingdon United States United States Minor Outlying Islands Vanuatu Virgin Islands (British) Virgin Islands (U.S.) Zambia Zimbabwe
	Other Countries Previous Next
	Zambia Zimbabwe Other Countries

- Select your country or region. This is important for all kinds of settings, like the currency and wireless regulatory domain. Setting the wrong country can lead to being unable to use a Wireless network.
- If your country isn't in the list, click the *Other Countries* option and choose your country / region there.



If your country is only in the *Other Countries* list, after clicking *OK* it may seem that a country from the main list was chosen. Despite this, DrakX will actually apply your choice.

3.12.2.1. Input method

In the *Other Countries* screen you can also select an input method (at the bottom of the list). Input methods allow users to input multilingual characters (Chinese, Japanese, Korean, etc). IBus is the default input method, so users should not need to configure it manually. Other input methods (SCIM, GCIN, HIME, etc) also provide similar functions and can be installed if you added HTTP/FTP media before package selection.



If you missed the input method setup during installation, you can access it post-install via Configure your Computer \rightarrow System, or by running **localedrake** as *root*.

3.13. Configure your Services

mageia	SERVICES			
			ally started at boot time	
INSTALLATION	Internet Networking	✓		
Language	network	V V		
License •	network-up	×		
Partitioning	resolvconf	Ϋ́		
Installing ●	systemd-networkd			
mataning S	arp-ethers			
ONFIGURATION	systemd-resolved			
Users 🔍	network-auth			
Summary	System	X		
Updates •	▶ Other	$\mathbf{\nabla}$		
	Info			
		29 activated for	r 72 registered	
	▶ Help		Previous	Next

Here you can choose which services should start when you boot your system.

- Click on a triangle to expand a group to all the relevant services. The settings DrakX chose are usually good.
- If you highlight a service, some information about it is shown in the info box below.

Only change things when you know very well what you are doing.

3.14. Select mouse

Ömageia	MOUSE CHOICE	
	Please choose your type o	of mouse.
INSTALLATION Language • License • Partitioning • Installing • CONFIGURATION Users • Summary • Updates •	 ▶ PS/2 ▶ USB ▼ Universal Any PS/2 & USB mice Force evdev > busmouse > none > serial 	
Exit >	▶ Help	Previous Next

If you are not happy with how your mouse responds, you can select a different one here.

Usually, Universal \rightarrow Any PS/2 and USB mice is a good choice.

Select Universal \rightarrow Force evdev to configure the buttons that do not work on a mouse with six or more buttons.

3.15. Sound Configuration

mageia	SOUND CONFIGURATION			
		Intel Corporation 82801AA AC'97 Audio Controller		
INSTALLATION		Your card uses the "snd_intel8x0" driver		
Language 🔹				
License Partitioning	Enable PulseAudio			
Installing •	Use Glitch-Free mode			
		Troubleshooting		
CONFIGURATION				
Users 🔍	▶ Advanced			
Summary •				
Updates ⇒ Exit ⇒				
	▶ Help		Previous	Next

This screen shows the details of the sound card driver chosen for you by the installer, and this driver should work without problems.

However, if you encounter any issues post-install, then run **draksound** or start this tool via Mageia Control Center \rightarrow Hardware \rightarrow Sound Configuration. Then, in the draksound or *Sound Configuration* screen, click on *Troubleshooting* to find useful advice about how to solve the problem.

3.15.1. Advanced

If there is no actual default driver for your sound card, there may be other possible alternative drivers available to choose from. If this is the case, but you think the installer has not made the most appropriate choice, you can click on *Advanced* to manually specify a driver.

3.16. Security Level

Ömageia	SECURITY
INSTALLATION Language • License • Partitioning • Installing • CONFIGURATION Users • Summary • Updates •	 Please choose the desired security level Standard: This is the standard security recommended for a computer that will be used to connect to the Internet as a client. Secure: With this security level, the use of this system as a server becomes possible. The security is now high enough to use the system as a server which can accept connections from many clients. Note: if your machine is only a client on the Internet, you should choose a lower level. Security Administrator: Login or email: Login or email:
Exit	▶ Help Previous Next

Please choose the desired security level

Standard is the default, and recommended setting for the average user.

Secure will create a highly protected system - for instance if the system is to be used as a public server.

Security Administrator

This item allows you to configure an email address to which the system will send *security alert messages* when it detects situations which require notification to a system administrator.

A good, and easy-to-implement, choice is to enter <user>@localhost - where <user> is the login name of the user to receive these messages.



The system sends such messages as **Unix Mailspool messages**, not as "ordinary" SMTP mail: this user must therefore be configured for receiving such mail!

It will always be possible to adjust your security settings post-install in the *Security* section of the Mageia Control Center.

3.17. Firewall

This section allows you to configure some simple firewall rules: they determine which type of message from the Internet will be accepted by the target system. This, in turn, allows the corresponding services on the system to be accessible from the Internet.

Ömageia	
Ornageia	FIREWALL
	Which services would you like to allow the Internet to connect to?
	Everything (no firewall)
INSTALLATION	Web Server
Language 🔍	Domain Name Server
License 🔍	SSH server
Partitioning	FTP server
instailing 9	Mail Server
CONFIGURATION	POP and IMAP Server
Users 🔍	Echo request (ping)
Summary ●	Network services autodiscovery (zeroconf and slp)
Updates ⇒ Exit ⇒	Network printer/scanner autodiscovery
Exit	
	D Advanced
	Previous Next

In the default setting (no button is checked), no service of the system is accessible from the network. The *Everything (no firewall)* option enables access to all services of the machine - an option that does not make much sense in the context of the installer since it would create a totally unprotected system. Its veritable use is in the context of the Mageia Control Center (which uses the same GUI layout) for temporarily disabling the entire set of firewall rules for testing and debugging purposes.

All other options are more or less self-explanatory. As an example, you will enable the CUPS server if you want printers on your machine to be accessible from the network.

Advanced

The *Advanced* option opens a window where you can enable a series of services by typing a list of "couples" (blank separated)

<port-number>/<protocol>

- *<port-number>* is the value of the port assigned to the service you want to enable (e.g. 873 for the RSYNC service) as defined in *RFC-433*;

- *<protocol>* is one of *TCP* or *UDP* - the internet protocol that is used by the service.

For instance, the entry for enabling access to the RSYNC service therefore is 873/tcp.

In case a service is implemented to use both protocols, you specify 2 couples for the same port.

3.18. Updates

mageia	UPDATES	
INSTALLATION Language = License = Partitioning = Installing =	You now have the opportunity to setup online media. This allows to install security updates. To setup those media, you will need to have a working Internet connection. Do you want to setup the update media?	
CONFIGURATION Users • Summary • Updates • Exit •		
	O Yes	
	_ Νο	
	▶ Help	lext

Since this version of Mageia was released, some packages will have been updated or improved.

- Select Yes if you wish to download and install them
- Select No if you don't want to do this now, or if you aren't connected to the Internet
- Press Next to continue

3.19. Congratulations

Ömageia	CONGRATULATIONS
INSTALLATION Language • License • Partitioning • Installing •	Congratulations, installation is complete. Remove the installation medium and press Enter to reboot. For information on fixes which are available for this release of Mageia, consult the Errata available from: http://- www.mageia.org/ After rebooting and logging into Mageia, you will see the MageiaWelcome screen. It is full of very useful information and links.
CONFIGURATION Users • Summary • Updates • Exit •	
	I
	E Help Reboot

You have finished installing and configuring Mageia and it is now safe to remove the installation medium and reboot your computer.

After rebooting, you can use the bootloader screen to choose which operating system to start (if there are more than one on your computer).

If you didn't adjust the settings for the bootloader, your Mageia install will be automatically selected and started.

Enjoy!

Visit <u>www.mageia.org/en/</u> [http://www.mageia.org/en/] if you have any questions or want to contribute to Mageia

3.20. Uninstalling Mageia

If Mageia didn't convince you or you can't install it correctly - in short you want get rid of it - that is your right and Mageia also gives you the possibility to uninstall. This is not true for every operating system.

After backing up your data, reboot your Mageia installation DVD and select *Rescue system*, then *Restore Windows boot loader*. At the next boot, you will only have Windows, with no option to choose your Mageia operating system.

In Windows, to recover the space used by Mageia partitions: click on Start \rightarrow Control Panel \rightarrow Administrative Tools \rightarrow Computer Management \rightarrow Storage \rightarrow Disk Management. You will recognise a Mageia partition

because they are labeled Unknown, and also by their size and place on the disk. Right-click on each of these partitions and select *Delete* to free up the space.

If you are using Windows XP, you can create a new partition and format it (FAT32 or NTFS). It will then get a partition letter.

If you have Vista or 7, you have one more possibility, you can extend the existing partition that is at the left of the freed space. There are other partitioning tools that can be used, such as **gparted**, available for both Windows and Linux. As always, when changing partitions, be very careful to back up anything important to you.